# Wisconsin Broadband Summit November 16, 2021

Community Development Institute Division of Extension University of Wisconsin-Madison



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# Enhancing Broadband Access in Wisconsin

Brittany Beyer Executive Director, Grow North Chair of the Governor's Task Force on Broadband Access



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# Brittany Beyer



- Director of Grow North: overseeing 8 counties and 3 Tribal Nations in the Northwoods (one of the 9 regions of economic development in state)
- Blue Ribbon Commission on Rural Prosperity
- Chair of the Governor's Task Force on Broadband

Governor's Task Force on Broadband

- Named in July 2020 via executive order by the Governor. Report due to the legislature. Delivered June 30, 2021
- Governor Evers named 2021 "Year of Broadband Access"
- 25 members met August 2020-May 2021. Work to resume in the fall 2021
  - subcommittees on policy, funding, mapping and data, community network building, and digital access





PSC Broadband Plan: Stated Goals

- Resilient Every Wisconsin community will have access to at least 1 gigabit per second symmetrical broadband service to anchor institutions such as schools, hospitals, government buildings, business parks, and enterprise centers by 2024.
- Accessible: 97% of Wisconsin homes and businesses will have access to at least one internet service with minimum speeds of 25 megabits download / 3 megabits upload (25/3 Mbps) by 2025.
- Affordable 75% of households with income below 200% of the federal poverty level have access to fixed home internet service at a cost of less than \$25/ month by 2025.
- High Performance 75% of Wisconsin homes and businesses will have access to at least one internet service with a minimum speed 100/20 Mbps with preference on symmetrical service, no usage limits and latency low enough to run interactive video applications by 2025.

Closing the Broadband The 3 A's: ACCESS, Gap:

KEY ISSUES from first Report

AFFORDABILITY, ADOPTABILITY

Speed goals, mapping improvements, and FUNDING

NETWORK of collaborative efforts is being built NOW. You can be part of this!

### Top Recommendations from the Task Force on Broadband's Report

- Explore hybrid models of broadband infrastructure developmentpublic/private partnerships
- Increase construction and permitting coordination
- Expansion Grant funding

- Collect internet data from all ISP's at a household and business level of granularity
- Increase broadband consumer protections and pricing transparency
- Establish a State Internet Assistance Program
- Establish a statewide Digital Equity Fund
- Assess broadband adoption and lack of adoption among households not connecting- cost, need, barriers

- Increase funding for broadband administration
- Establish a coalition of willing, engaged broadband leaders to connect communities and providers, local and regional partners, planning and technical assistance opportunities, funding, and resources
- Create planning and implementation grants for regions and communities

The 3 "A's"

- ACCESS: infrastructure is absent or cost of connection is unaffordable or does not deliver speeds necessary
- AFFORDABILITY: cost is too high because of income OR cost of expensive connection
- ADOPTION: lack of access and training on equipment to use without issue

# Solutions for Closing the Gap (Urban and Rural) in Broadband: the 3 "A's"

#### ACCESS

- Grants need to be available to make the private investment work- especially in rural areas
- Needs new NETWORKS of support to address this on a local level
- Blessing of COVIDunderstood as crosscutting need to enter 21<sup>st</sup> Century equitably

#### AFFORDABILIY

- Emergency Broadband Benefitavailable right now (FCC)
- More competitive with choice between providers (absent in some places)
- Department of Public Instruction and other agencies will continue to rise to the occasion

#### **ADOPTABILITY**

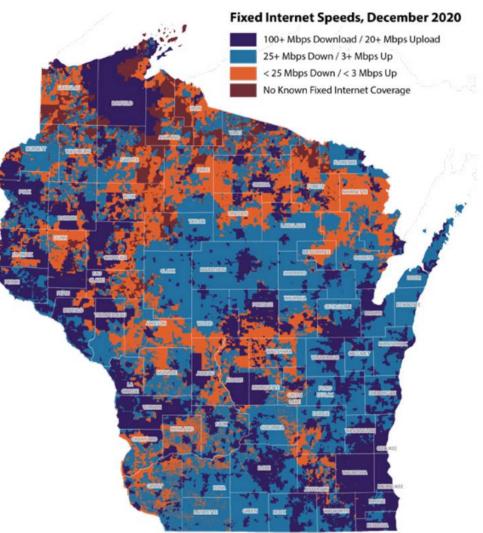
- Create a Digital opportunity fund (room for philanthropy to amplify funds)
- Digital navigators- some grass roots orgs are already doing this. Can we make this statewide?
- Clear racial, equity, and inclusion issue. ALL Wisconsinites need access and to be able to use Broadband

Proposed Speed Goals

- Acceptable base level of Broadband speed received:
  - By 2025, 25 Mbps download and 3 Mbps upload (Governor's goal)
  - By 2028, 50 Mbps download and 10 Mbps upload
  - By 2031, 100 Mbps download and 50 Mbps upload
- In near future, 1Gbps+ is necessary
  - Currently: 17.7% of state has access to 1Gbps
  - By 2025, 50% of the state has access to 1Gbps
  - By 2030, 90% of the state has access to 1Gbps

### Closing the Rural Broadband Gap: Mapping

- FCC maps allow for a provider to claim full census blocks if ONE residence is served
- Census blocks in rural areas are much larger
- Mechanisms for verifying speeds noted by providers are not in place



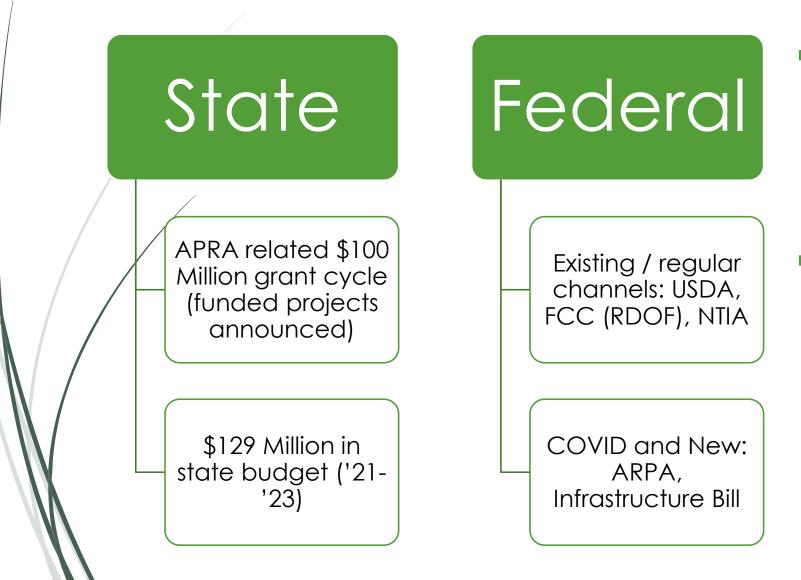
consin Broadband Office, Public Service Commission of Wisconsin, June 202 Data derived from ISPs, the FCC, and the U.S. Census Bureau. Closing the Broadband Gap: MAPPING

- FCC is currently refining its mapping – March 2020 congress pushed for better measures from FCC. Unclear on the date it will be released
- Local Innovation: County level and state GIS mapping work; Publicly available data layers
- What is your county, region doing to work on this issue?

# Funding for infrastructure buildout

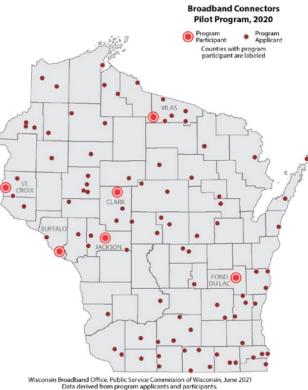
- Providers say: the areas that have clear return on investment have been served
- Public dollars needed to close the gap. State and Federal programs
- These are complex, multimillion dollar projects
- Public-Private partnerships, municipal broadband, etc. are part of the answer

# Funding for infrastructure buildout



- Federal project management in rural communities: make sure expertise is present to manage (see network building)
- Area to support: stack state grant dollars with federal grant dollars for projects (when appropriate)

# Network Building



- Fall of 2020, WEDC and PSC jointly ran a Broadband Connectors Pilot
- 96 communities applied in a two week window; 6 communities selected
- We're watching what is working in other states and learning: technical assistance and training, comprehensive planning grants, collaborative learning, matchmaking, etc.

# In closing

- Real work still ahead to close the gaps- active participation
- Find out who is already working on this- county level (ideal partner for towns), regional planning commission, regional economic development, etc.
- This situation is not unique to Wisconsin- we have many items stacked in our favor
- Grant funded projects are a major way to support the buildout

### Questions ?

Thank you ~

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